

SUICIDE PREVENTION

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SUICIDE IS A LOW FREQUENCY EVENT THAT MANDATES AN EXPLANATION



TERMINAL LEARNING OBJECTIVE

•<u>ACTION:</u> IDENTIFY SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF SUICIDE INTENT.

•<u>CONDITION:</u> GIVEN CLASSROOM INSTRUCTION WITH SCENARIOS.

•<u>STANDARD:</u> COMPLETE IAW AR 600-63.

SUICIDE PREVENTION

OVERVIEW

- DEFINITION
- •WHO COMMITS SUICIDE?
- •CAUSES OF SUICIDE
- DEPRESSION
- **•WARNING SIGNS**
- •WHAT TO DO/NOT TO DO
- •HOW TO HELP
- •IMPACT

WHAT IS SUICIDE?

THE DELIBERATE ENDING OF ONE'S OWN LIFE

WHAT ARE THE ISSUES SURROUNDING SUICIDE ?

SERIOUS SUICIDAL THOUGHTS OR THREATS ATTEMPTS TO COMMIT SUICIDE

WHO COMMITS SUICIDE?

- 8 OUT OF 10 PEOPLE WHO COMMIT SUICIDE HAVE INDICATED TO SOMEONE THEIR INTENTION.
- 1/4 OF SUICIDES HAVE BEEN SEEN BY A DOCTOR 7 DAYS BEFORE DEATH, WHILE 50% OF SUICIDES HAVE BEEN SEEN BY A DOCTOR WITHIN 90 DAYS.

WHO COMMITS SUICIDE?

- 1 SUICIDE EVERY 17.4 MINUTES
- 1 YOUNG PERSON COMMITS SUICIDE EVERY 1.4 HOURS
- 1 OLDER PERSON (65+) COMMITS SUICIDE EVERY 1.24 HOURS

WHO COMMITS SUICIDE?

- PEAK HOURS: 1500-1800
- PEAK DAYS: SUN, MON, FRI
- BY REGION:
- MID-WEST: 17% WEST: 15.2% MID-ATLANTIC: 13.7% NORTH: 11.5%
- **NEW ENGLAND: 10.1% NORTH-EAST: 9.7% SOUTH: 22.8%**

THE MYTHS

PEOPLE WHO TALK ABOUT SUICIDE RARELY ATTEMPT OR COMMIT SUICIDE

MENTIONING SUICIDE MAY GIVE A PERSON THE IDEA

ALL SUICIDAL PEOPLE WANT TO DIE AND **THERE IS NOTHING** THAT CAN BE DONE **ABOUT IT**

SUICIDE IS AN ACT OF IMPULSE WITH NO PREVIOUS PLANNING

ONCE A PERSON IS SUICIDAL HE IS SUICIDAL FOREVER

IMPROVEMENT IN A SUICIDAL PERSON MEANS THE DANGER IS OVER

SUICIDAL PERSONS ARE MENTALLY ILL

BECAUSE IT INCLUDES THE HOLIDAY SEASON, DECEMBER HAS A HIGH SUICIDE RATE

IT'S NOT SUICIDE IF THERE IS NO SUICIDE NOTE

CAUSES OF SUICIDE

PROBLEMS SEEM OVERWHELMING

NOT MAKING A CONSCIOUS DECISION

COMBINATION OF EVENTS

CAUSES OF SUICIDE (CONT)

•SIGNIFICANT LOSSES:

- BREAKUP OF CLOSE RELATIONSHIP
- DEATH OF LOVED ONE
- WORRY ABOUT JOB OR SCHOOL PERFORMANCE
- LOSS OF SUPPORT SYSTEM OR EMOTIONAL SAFETY
- LOSS OF SOCIAL/FINANCIAL STATUS OF FAMILY

SIGNIFICANT LOSSES (CONT)

- DRUG/ALCOHOL ABUSE
- LOSS OF JOB
- DEBT/LOW INCOME
- LOSS OF STATUS (DOWNWARD MOBILITY)
- SEPARATION/DIVORCE

WHAT IS

DEPRESSION ?



SYMPTOMS OF DEPRESSION

- CHANGES IN BEHAVIOR/ATTITUDE
- DIFFERENT FEELINGS/ PERCEPTIONS
- PHYSICAL COMPLAINTS



INTERVENTION





- BEHAVIORAL WARNINGS
- VERBAL WARNINGS
- DEPRESSIVE SYMPTOMS
- TRAUMATIC SITUATIONS





SUICIDAL SITUATIONS CAUSED BY UNEXPECTED TRAUMA

- DRAMATIC CHANGE IN HEALTH STATUS
- UNEXPECTED DEATH OF
 SIGNIFICANT OTHER
- SUDDEN LOSS OF
 FINANCIAL SECURITY

DEPRESSIVE SYMPTOMS

- WITHDRAWAL
- SADNESS
- LACK OF ENERGY
- WEIGHT CHANGE
- IRRITABILITY
- EMOTIONAL EMPTINESS

EXAMPLES OF VERBAL WARNINGS

- "I'm going to kill myself."
- "I' d be better off dead."
- "I just can't go on any longer."
- "You won't be seeing me around anymore."
- "I'm getting out."

BEHAVIORAL WARNINGS INCLUDE

- ORGANIZING BUSINESS/PERSONAL MATTERS
- GIVING AWAY POSSESSIONS
- COMPOSING A SUICIDE NOTE
- BUYING A GUN
- OBSESSION WITH DEATH
- A SUDDEN LIFT IN SPIRITS
- PLANNING ONE'S OWN FUNERAL

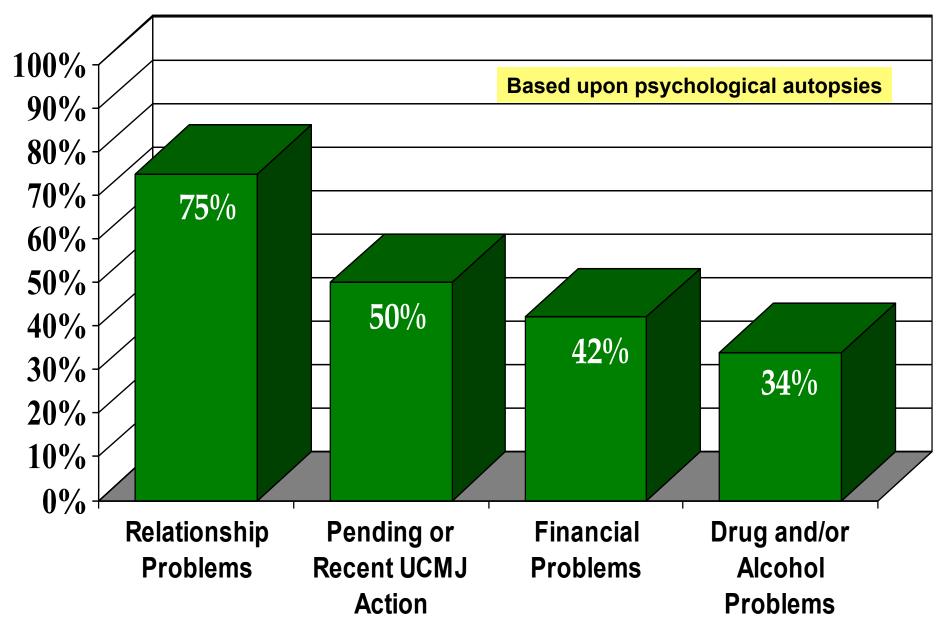
HISTORICAL FACTORS PERSONS ARE AT GREATER RISK IF THEY HAVE:

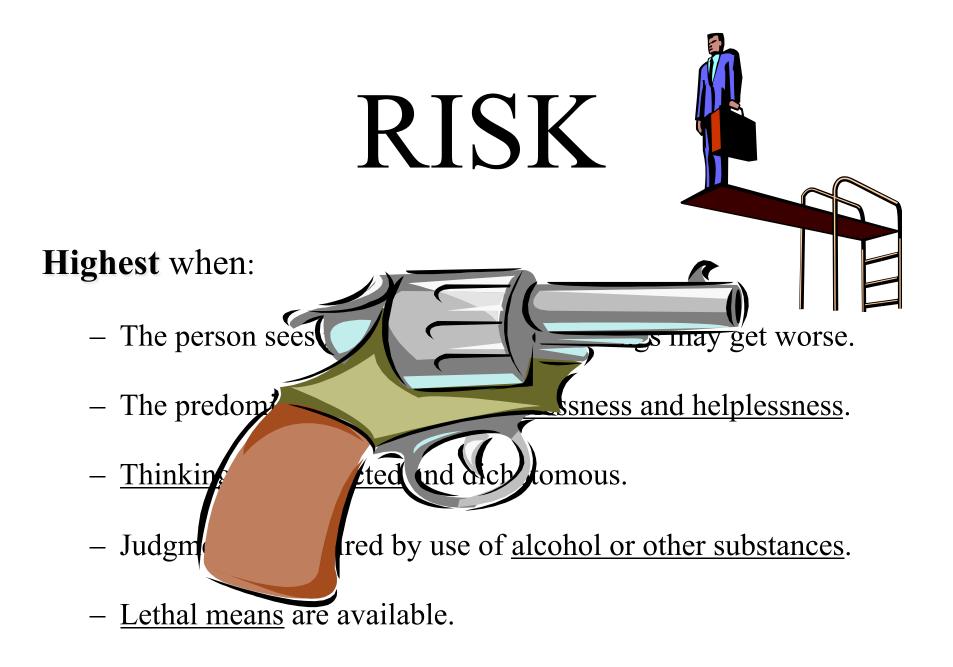
- MADE A PREVIOUS ATTEMPT
- A FAMILY HISTORY OF SUICIDE
- LOST A FRIEND THROUGH SUICIDE
- BEEN INVOLVED WITH DRUGS OR ALCOHOL
- ALCOHOLICS IN THE FAMILY

Potential Suicidal "Triggers" LOSS OF:

- a loved one to illness or death
- a significant, intimate relationship
- a child custody battle
- friendship or social status (social isolation or ostracism)
- a job or rank (UCMJ or civilian legal action, separation)
- freedom (incarceration)
- financial security (pay loss, excessive debts, bankruptcy)
- self-esteem (humiliation, pass over for promotion or schooling)
- hope (feeling helpless)
- or change in lifestyle (unwanted PCS, major deployment)

Potential "Triggers"





Potential Indicators/Predictors of Dysfunctional Behavior

- Impulsiveness or violent traits
- Previous self-injurious acts
- Excessive anger or agitation
- Excessive alcohol use
- Heavy smoking
- Sleeping or eating disorder
- Previous behavior

DoD Survey of Health Related Behavior

"Stigma"

Perceived Need for Mental Health Counseling:

PERMANENT RECORD

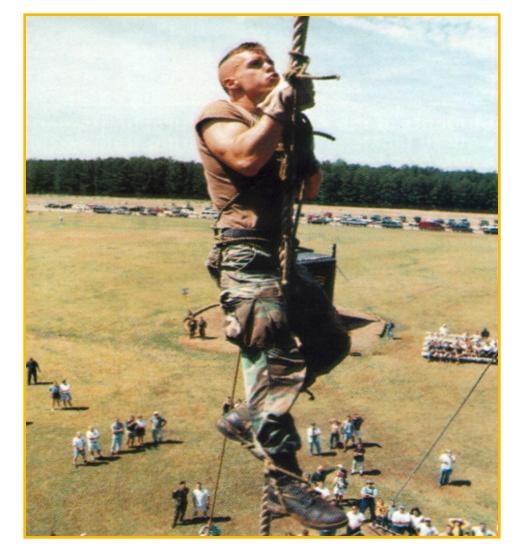
> Receipt of Mental Health Counseling from military Mental Health Professional: 5.6%

Perceived Damage to Career: Definitely Will: May or May Not: Definitely Will Not:

17.7% 58.1% 24.2%

Army

17.8%



"Knowing is not enough, we must apply. Willing is not enough, we must do."



Commanders/1SGs & CSMs

- ✓ Conduct OPD's and NCOPD's that focus on some aspect of mental health.
- ✓ Watch out for the first-line supervisors.
- Promote life-coping skills development & help-seeking behaviors.
- ✓ Develop well-defined procedures for storing P.O.W.s.
- ✓ Promote use of "Army One-Source."
- ✓ Ensure your UMT members & other "designated trusted agents" are ASIST qualified.

WHAT TO DO

- TAKE THREATS
 SERIOUSLY
- ANSWER CRIES FOR HELP
- CONFRONT THE PROBLEM
- TELL THEM YOU CARE
- GET PROFESSIONAL HELP



- ASSUME THE PERSON IS NOT "THE TYPE"
- KEEP IT A SECRET
- ACT SHOCKED
- ARGUE OR REASON
- ANALYZE
- SHOCK OR CHALLENGE

ENCOURAGE THE PERSON TO POSITIVE ACTION



IMPROVE HOME
 SITUATION

- KEEP BUSY
- GET AWAY FOR AWHILE
- TALK THINGS OVER

• TRY TO CHANGE SITUATION/NEW APPROACH

• LEARN TO RELAX

HOW TO HELP

ONE-ON-ONE WITH THE
 INDIVIDUAL: Talk things over, Try to
 change situation, Try new approach,
 Learn to relax

• PROFESSIONAL HELP: Chain of Command, CMH, TRICARE Hot Line, Unit Chaplain



First Line Supervisors

- ✓ Get to know your soldiers
 - Find out about your soldier's developmental history
 - Assess solder's life-coping skills
 - Know when your soldiers are experiencing a "life crisis"
 - Anticipate dysfunctional behavior
- ✓ Know potential suicide triggers & warning signs for mental illness
 - especially alcohol and drug abuse
- ✓ Promote help-seeking behavior
 - Encourage use of Army One-Source
 - Assist in reducing stigma regarding mental health
 - Set the example take advantage of helping services

IMPACT THE FAMILY OR UNIT SUFFERS:

- LOSS
- GUILT
- SOCIAL SCORN
- FINANCIAL WORRIES
- APPREHENSION

PROVIDING C.A.R.E.

- C = COMPASSION
- A = AFFIRMATION
- R = RESPONSIBILITY
- E = ENCOURAGEMENT

C = COMPASSION

- Compassion is an intentional act
- Compelled by need
- Increases Unit morale and cohesiveness
- Individual or Collective

A = AFFIRMATION

- Affirmation of People
- Synonyms = confirm, establish, ratify, strengthen
- "You' re O.K." message
- You are a part of the team

R = RESPONSIBILITY

- Respond-Ability
- Opposite of disregarding
- Accountability to/for others
- Responsibility is an action
- Responsibility is an attitude

E = ENCOURAGEMENT

- Placing courage in others "In Courage"
- Encouragement produces growth and provides hope
- Destructive behavior results in lack of encouragement

STEPS: ATTEMPT

- **Step 1 Immediately call for appropriate medical support**
- Step 2 Notify Chain of CMD
- Step 3 Notify Unit Chaplain

STEPS: Risk

- **Step 1 <u>Do not</u> leave soldier alone; Notify Chain of CMD**
- **Step 2** <u>Do not</u> leave soldier alone; Escort to Unit Chaplain
- **Step 3 Escort soldier to ER**
- **Step 4 Support plan with firstline leader, CMD, and CH**

STEPS: Risk (cont)

- Step 5 Conduct followup reviews until Support Team determines immediate crisis is over (weekly/monthly)
- **Step 6** Continue to be sensitive to and watch for any recurrence

REMEMBER!

- Most suicides can be prevented through C.A.R.E.
- When one commits suicide the whole Unit suffers loss.
- Suicide is a permanent solution to a temporary problem.



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THE ONLY THING THAT WILL SAVE A HUMAN LIFE IS A HUMAN RELATIONSHIP !!

