



**NOTE A:** Key to map on opposite page, giving locations of principal missions, tribal boarding schools, and seminaries with date of establishment of each of the Indian Territory before 1860 (not including public day schools in the Cherokee Nation, nor neighborhood schools in the Choctaw and other nations).

- (1) Union Mission, 1820, and Hopefield 5 miles north, 1823.
- (2) Dwight Mission, 1829. (3) Wheelock Mission, 1832, and Wheelock Female Seminary, 1842 (in operation 1949 as Wheelock Academy).
- (4) Park Hill Mission, 1835, and Park Hill Mission Press, 1836. (5) Fairfield Mission, 1829. (6) Pine Ridge Mission, 1835, and Chuahla Female Seminary, 1842. (7) Stockbridge Mission, 1837, and Iyanubi Female Seminary, 1842. (8) Goodwater Mission, 1837, and Koonsha Female Seminary, 1842, with Goodland Mission, 1848, northwest about 20 miles (in operation 1949 as Goodland Indian Orphanage, 2 miles southwest of Hugo, Choctaw County).
- (9) Spencer Academy for boys, 1841 (opened 1844). (10) Armstrong Academy for boys, 1844 (opened 1845). (11) Fort Coffee Academy for boys, 1842, and New Hope Academy for girls 5 miles southeast, 1842, both in vicinity of Choctaw Agency or "Skullyville." (12) New Hopefield, 1827. (13) Koweta Mission, 1843, and Koweta Manual

Labor Boarding School for boys and girls, 1847. (14) Tallahassee Manual Labor Boarding School for boys and girls, 1848, best known as "Tallahassee Mission," in vicinity of Ebenezer Baptist mission opened in 1833. (15) Baptist Mission and Printing House, 1839 (in operation 1949 as Bacone College, Muskogee). (16) Oak Ridge Mission, 1848. (17) Asbury Manual Labor Boarding School for boys and girls, 1848 (in operation 1949 as Eufaula Boarding school for girls). (18) Wapanucka Academy for girls, 1851. (19) Chickasaw Manual Labor Boarding School for boys, 1850. (20) Bloomfield Seminary for girls, 1852 (in operation 1949 as Carter Seminary at Ardmore, Carter County). (21) Colbert Institute for boys and girls, 1854 (first located at Perryville, moved west to headwaters of Clear Boggy and renamed Collins Institute). (22) Burney Institute for girls, 1859. (23) Crawford Seminary (Methodist, for boys and girls among Quapaw), 1843. (24) Methodist mission school for Choctaw girls vicinity of Shawneetown, 1838. (25) New Springplace Mission, 1838.—Ed.